Julian Townsend
Executive Director (Operations)
Development Management

Town Hall
Ripley
Derbyshire DE5 3BT
Tel: 01773 570222
Fax: 01773 841523
Email: enquiry@ambervalley.gov.uk
Web: www.ambervalley.gov.uk

Mr Jason Riley
35 Leamoor Avenue
Somercotes
Alfreton
DE55 1RL

Business Unit : **DEVELOPMENT MANAGEMENT**
Our Ref : LSP-AVA/2021/1032
Your Ref :
Date : 18 October 2021
Ask For : Laura Anthony
Direct Dial : 01773 841506
Email : laura.anthony@ambervalley.gov.uk

Dear Sir

Proposal	**Non material amendment to AVA/2020/0609 for Increased height of garage eaves**
Location	**35 Leamoor Avenue Somercotes Alfreton**
Applicant	**Mr Jason Riley**
Agent Name	**Mr Joshua Botham** **Bothams Architectural Design 11 Norton Ave Somersall**

Your application was received on 17 September 2021 and registered as valid on 20 September 2021.

In pursuance of their powers under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development Procedure) Order 1995 as amended, Amber Valley Borough Council, as Local Planning Authority, hereby **REFUSES** permission for a Non-Material Amendment for the development as described in your application and on the plans and drawings attached thereto.

The proposal is not considered to be appropriate and could result in any issues through massing, overshadowing or overlooking.

It is considered that the increase in the eaves height to the approved garage extension on the north elevation adjacent to No 34 Leamoor Avenue would result in the raising of the eaves. As the roof height will change and have an overall increase in height it is considered that the proposal is not a material alteration and results in a different development from that which was approved under AVA/2020/1032.

I trust this information is of use.

Yours sincerely



Julian Townsend
Director of Operations
Authorised Officer of the Council

Attention is drawn to the attached notes.

NOTES

1. If the applicant is aggrieved by the decision of the Local Planning Authority to refuse planning permission or approval for the proposed development or to grant permission or approval subject to conditions, he may appeal to the Secretary of State for the Environment in accordance with Section 78/79 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, within 12 weeks (for householder appeals) or six months (for other applications). Appeals against non-determination must be made within six months of the end of the determination period (i.e. 8/13/16 weeks). The Secretary of State has power to allow a longer period for the giving of a notice but will not normally be prepared to exercise this power unless there are special circumstances, which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal. The Secretary of State is not required to entertain an appeal if it appears to him that permission of the proposed development could not have been granted by the Local Planning Authority or could not have been so granted otherwise that subject to the conditions imposed on them, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provision of the development order, and to any directions given under the order.
2. If permission to develop land is refused or granted subject to conditions, whether by the Local Planning Authority or by the Secretary of State for the Environment, and the owner of the land claims that the land has become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development which has been or would be permitted, he may serve on the Council of the County/District in which the land is situated, a purchase notice requiring that council to purchase his interests in the land in accordance with the provisions of Section 180 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
3. In certain circumstances a claim may be made against the Local Planning Authority for compensation where permission is refused or granted subject to conditions by the Secretary of State on appeal or on a reference of the application to him. The circumstances in which such compensation is payable are set out in Sections 137 and 138 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.
4. This permission relates to planning controls only. Any other statutory consent necessary including submission under the building regulations must be obtained from the appropriate Authority.
5. If it is intended to give notice of appeal in accordance with Paragraph 1 above, this should be done on the appropriate form obtainable from: -
   The Planning Inspectorate
   3/23 Hawk Wing, Temple Quay House,
   2 The Square
   Temple Quay
   Bristol
   BS1 6PN
   (Tel. No. 0117 372 8000)
   www.planning-inspectorate.gov.uk
6. If the condition of consent or reasons for refusal, make reference to a Division of the Department, the appellant may, if he so wishes, require the attendance of a representative from the Department by notification to the Local Planning Authority. Such a representative would not be liable to cross-examination on questions of departmental policy, but only on matters of fact and expert opinion in relation to the appeal site.
7. Where a vehicle is habitually drive across a grass verge or kerbed footway to and from premises adjoining a highway, the occupier of the premises may after being given due notice by the appropriate authority, be required to pay the cost of construction of a carriage crossing or the strengthening of a footway, as the authority considers it necessary, or may be required to comply with conditions imposed by the authority.
8. In the case of building or premises to which the public are to be admitted whether on payment or otherwise, attention is drawn to Sections 4 and 7 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1970 and the associated Code of Practice (BS5810:1979). In the case of premises to which the Offices, Shops and Railway Premises Act 1963 or the Factories Act 1962 applies, attention is drawn to Sections 7 and 8A of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act and to the same code of practice. In the case of Educational Buildings, attention is drawn to Sections 7 and 8 of the Chronically Sick and Disabled Persons Act 1978 and to the Design Note 18 “Access for the Physically Disabled Educational Buildings”.
9. If the development site is crossed by an electric line or is within 15 metres (50ft) of the nearest part of a line (measure horizontally along the ground) or if there is reason to believe that it may be crossed by an underground electric cable, the applicant should contact the Electricity Board to ascertain if and what special safety precautions are necessary.
10. The grant of planning permission does not entitle developers to obstruct a public right of way. Development on so far as it affects a right of way, should not be started, and the right of way should be kept open for public use, until the necessary order under Section 247 and 257 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 for the diversion of extinguishment of the right of way has been made and confirmed.